

Statistics

Lecture 4



Feb 19-8:47 AM

Consider the Sample below

$$3 \quad 4 \quad 4 \quad 4 \quad 1) n = 8$$

$$5 \quad 5 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 2) \text{Range} = 6 - 3 = 3$$

$$3) \text{Midrange} = \frac{6+3}{2} = \frac{9}{2} = 4.5$$

$$4) \text{Mode} = 4 \ \& \ 5 \quad 5) \text{Median} = \frac{4+5}{2} = 4.5$$

$$6) \sum x = 36 \quad 7) \sum x^2 = 168$$

$$8) \bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{36}{8} = \boxed{4.5}$$

$$9) s^2 = \frac{n \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2}{n(n-1)} = \frac{8 \cdot 168 - 36^2}{8(8-1)} = \frac{48}{56} \approx \boxed{.857}$$

$$10) s = \sqrt{s^2} = \sqrt{.857} \approx \boxed{.926}$$

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Given $n=5$, $\text{Min}=10$, $\text{Max}=16$, $\sum x=64$, $\sum x^2=840$

- 1) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{64}{5} = \boxed{12.8}$
- 2) $S^2 = \frac{n \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2}{n(n-1)} = \frac{5 \cdot 840 - 64^2}{5(5-1)} = \frac{104}{20} = \boxed{5.2}$
- 3) $S = \sqrt{S^2} = \sqrt{5.2} \approx \boxed{2.280}$
- 4) Estimate $S = \frac{\text{Range}}{4} = \frac{16-10}{4} = \frac{6}{4} = \boxed{1.5}$

Round \bar{x} & S to a whole #, then find

$\bar{x} \approx 13$
 $S \approx 2$

1) 68% Range $\rightarrow \bar{x} \pm S = 13 \pm 2 \rightarrow \boxed{11 \text{ to } 15}$

2) 95% Range \rightarrow Empirical Rule \rightarrow usual Range $\bar{x} \pm 2S = 13 \pm 4 = 13 \pm 4 \rightarrow \boxed{9 \text{ to } 17}$

3) 99.7% Range \rightarrow $\bar{x} \pm 3S = 13 \pm 6 \rightarrow \boxed{7 \text{ to } 19}$

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I randomly Selected 20 exams, here are the Scores:

63	67	70	72	75	1) $n = \boxed{20}$
75	78	80	80	80	2) Range = $100 - 63 = \boxed{37}$
85	88	90	90	92	3) Mode = $100 \hat{=} 80$
95	98	100	100	100	4) Median = $\frac{80+85}{2} = \frac{165}{2} = \boxed{82.5}$

5) Stem Plot

6		37
7		02558
8		00058
9		00258
10		000

$\sum x = 1678$, $\sum x^2 = 143338$

- 6) $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{1678}{20} = 83.9 \approx \boxed{84}$
- 7) $S^2 = \frac{n \sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2}{n(n-1)} = \frac{20 \cdot 143338 - 1678^2}{20(20-1)} = \frac{51076}{380}$
- 8) $S = \sqrt{S^2} = \boxed{134.411}$

Estimate S

$S \approx \frac{\text{Range}}{4} = \frac{37}{4} = \boxed{9.25}$

✓ $\boxed{11.594}$

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$$Z\text{-Score } Z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{S}$$

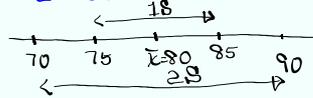
it measures how many
standard dev. is the data
element away from \bar{x} .

Always round to 3-dec. places.

Given $\bar{x}=80$ $S=5$, find Z for $x=90$.

$$Z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{S} = \frac{90 - 80}{5} = \frac{10}{5} = 2$$

90 is 2 stand. dev. above 80.



Find the x value if $Z = -1.6$.

$$Z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{S} \quad -1.6 = \frac{x - 80}{5}$$

Cross-multiply

$$x - 80 = 5(-1.6)$$

$$x - 80 = -8$$

$$x = -8 + 80$$

$$x = 72$$

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Z Score is a method to standardize data elements, then we can compare data element from different samples.

$$-2 \leq Z \leq 2 \quad \text{usual data element}$$

$$Z < -2 \quad \text{or} \quad Z > 2 \quad \text{Unusual data element.}$$

John got 92 on exam 1. $\bar{x}=84$, $S=5$.

$$Z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{S} = \frac{92 - 84}{5} = \frac{8}{5} = 1.6 \quad \text{Usual Score}$$

He got 82 on exam 2. $\bar{x}=70$ & $S=4$.

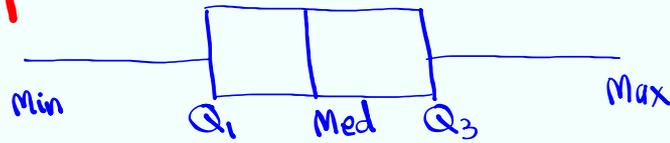
$$Z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{S} = \frac{82 - 70}{4} = \frac{12}{4} = 3 \quad \text{Unusual Score}$$

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5-Number Summary

Min Q_1 Med. Q_3 Max

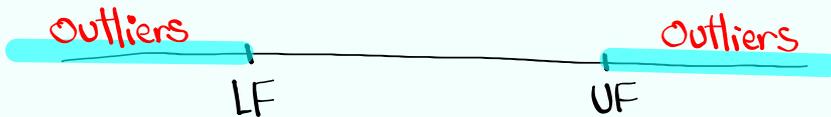
Box Plot



$$IQR \text{ (Inter-Quartile - Range)} = Q_3 - Q_1$$

$$\text{Upper Fence} = Q_3 + 1.5(IQR)$$

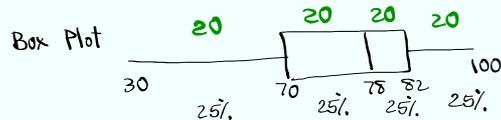
$$\text{Lower Fence} = Q_1 - 1.5(IQR)$$



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I randomly selected 80 exams. Here are the 5-Number Summary of Scores $\rightarrow 80 \div 4 = 20$

30 \uparrow min
70 \uparrow Q_1
78 \uparrow Med
82 \uparrow Q_3
100 \uparrow Max



How many Scores above 70? 60

What % of Scores above 70? 75%

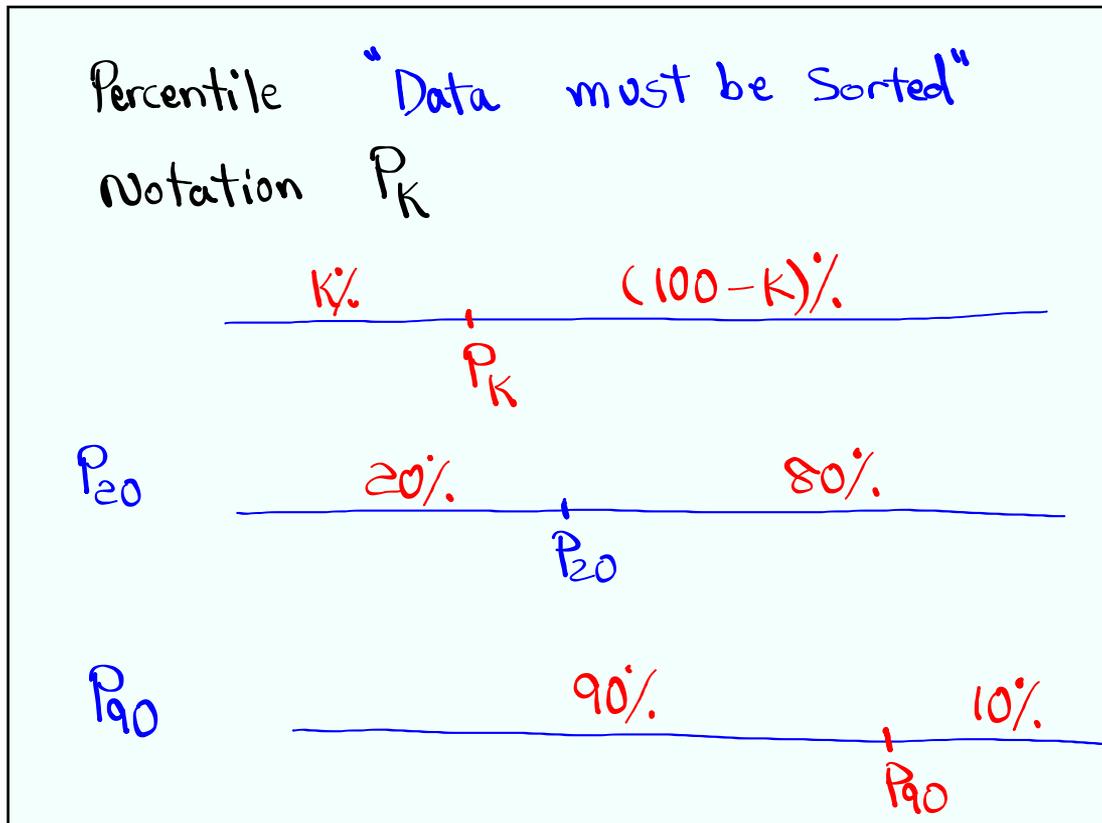
$$IQR = Q_3 - Q_1 = 82 - 70 = 12$$

$$\text{Upper Fence} = Q_3 + 1.5(IQR) = 82 + 1.5(12) = 100$$

$$\text{Lower Fence} = Q_1 - 1.5(IQR) = 70 - 1.5(12) = 52$$

30 - 52
Outliers

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How to find P_K

1) find its Location \leftarrow Sample Size

$$L = \frac{K}{100} \cdot n$$

if decimal \rightarrow Round-up $\rightarrow P_K = L^{\text{th}} \text{ element}$

if whole # $\rightarrow P_K = \frac{L^{\text{th}} \text{ element} + \text{Next element}}{2}$

Consider the Stem Plot below

1 0 2 5	$n = 23$	10% 90%
2 0 1 3 3 5 8	P_{10}	15
3 0 2 5 5 5 8 8 9	$L = \frac{10}{100} \cdot 23 = 2.3 \rightarrow L = 3$	
4 2 3 5 8	$P_{10} = 3^{\text{rd}} \text{ element} = 15$	
5 0 2		

find P_{80} $P_{80} = 19^{\text{th}} \text{ element}$

$$L = \frac{80}{100} \cdot 23 = 18.4 \rightarrow L = 19$$

$= 43$ $\frac{80\%}{43} + \frac{20\%}{43}$

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Stem Plot below is for ages of 30 students

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1|89
2|03557
3|23556668
4|025579
5|02348
7|246
8|8
    
```

1) $n=30$

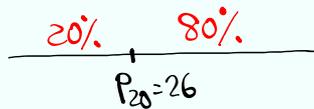
2) Mode = 36

4) Estimate $S \approx \frac{\text{Range}}{4} = \frac{88-18}{4}$
 $= \frac{70}{4} = \frac{35}{2} = 17.5$

5) P_{20}

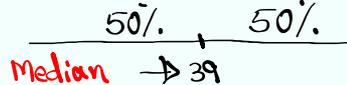
$L = \frac{20}{100} \cdot 30 = 6$

$P_{20} = \frac{\text{6th element} + \text{Next element}}{2}$
 $= \frac{25 + 27}{2} = 26$



6) P_{50} $L = \frac{50}{100} \cdot 30 = 15$

$P_{50} = \frac{\text{15th element} + \text{Next element}}{2}$
 $= \frac{38 + 40}{2} = 39$



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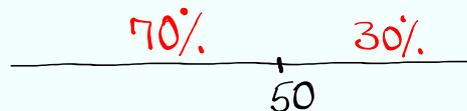
Doing Reverse

Find k such that $P_k = 50$.

$k = \frac{B}{n} \cdot 100$, Round to whole%.

$= \frac{21}{30} \cdot 100 = 70$

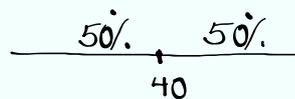
$P_{70} = 50$



Find k such that

$P_k = 40$.

$k = \frac{B}{n} \cdot 100 = \frac{15}{30} \cdot 100 = 50$



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Complete the chart below

class limits	$\overset{F}{\text{class F}}$	$\overset{x}{\text{class MP}}$	$f \cdot x$	$f \cdot x^2$
12 - 20	4	16	64	1024
21 - 29	6	25	150	3750
30 - 38	8	34	272	9248
39 - 47	2	43	86	3698

$$\sum f \cdot x = 572$$

$$\sum f \cdot x^2 = 17720$$

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TI Instructions:

1) To clear the Screen

clear

2) To quit

2nd **MODE**

3) To clear all lists.

2nd **+** **4: clear all lists** **Enter**

4) To Reset all lists.

STAT **Edit** **Enter**
5: Setup Editor

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How to store data in a list.

Store

15 8 20 25 18
12 5 30 24 25

in a list.

quit & clear screen

2nd Mode Clear

STAT Edit

1:Edit

L1

15 enter
8 enter
20 "
⋮
25 enter

How to view L1:

2nd 1 Enter

{ 15 8 20 25 → → → · 25 }
← ← ←

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How to Sort a list:

STAT Edit 2nd 1 Enter
2:SortA

Let's view L1 again:

2nd 1 Enter

{ 5 8 12 15 18 → → → 30 }

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How to find \bar{x} & S :

[STAT] → [CALC]
[1: 1-Var Stats]

With Menu:
 List: L1
 FreqList: Blank
[Calculate]

No Menu:
[2nd] [1]
 L1 **[Enter]**

$\bar{x} = 18.2$
 $S = S_x = 8.135$
 $n = 10$

Min = 5
 $Q_1 = 12$
 med = 19
 $Q_3 = 25$
 Max = 30

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How about S^2 ?

[VARS] [5: Statistics] [3: S_x] [x^2] [enter]

$S^2 = 66.1\bar{7}$

Convert to a reduced fraction

[Math] [1: ▸Frac] [Enter]

$$S^2 = \frac{2978}{45}$$

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